langpill

Possessive Pronouns

Introduction

1) A pronoun is a word that replaces a noun in a sentence, making the subject a person or a thing. Possessive pronouns are pronouns that demonstrate ownership.

This car is **mine**.

2) Possessive pronouns are used instead of a possessive adjective and noun. Study the following table:

| Subject | Object | Possessive Adjective | Possessive Pronoun |
|---------|--------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Ι | me | my | mine |
| you | you | your | yours |
| he | him | his | his |
| she | her | her | hers |
| it | it | its | its |
| we | us | our | ours |
| they | them | their | theirs |

Note that there is no apostrophe in possessive pronouns ending in -s.

I don't remember buying these jeans. I think they are **yours**.

Possessive pronouns stand on their own. They are not used with another noun.

This is **her cat**. (possessive adjective + noun) This cat is **hers**. (possessive pronoun)



We can use possessive pronouns after of.

Jake is one of my friends. = Jake is a friend of mine.

Possessive pronouns simplify constructions that show possession of a noun.

This is your room and that is our room. \rightarrow This is your room and that is **ours**.

Short Story Dialogue

- This dress is not **yours**! Give it back, sis!
- What are you talking about? I bought it a week ago.
- No, it's mine! I've had it for ages! You're always taking my stuff.
- This dress isn't **yours**!
- No, it's **mine** and **mine** alone!



Independent Practice

1) Underline the correct word.

- a. The kids are *your/yours* and *my/mine*.
- b. The final decision is your/yours to make.
- c. Ann doesn't trust *her/hers* parents.
- d. What's *my/mine* is *your/yours*, *my/mine* friend!
- e. Don't go through my/mine stuff. Its/It's disrespectful.

2) Simplify the following sentences by using possessive pronouns.

- a. Shall we go to your place or my place?
- b. Her birthday is on the 12th of May and his birthday is on the 11th.
- c. I doubt that our kitty will get along with your cat.
- d. Collin is my childhood friend.
- e. These are my jeans and these are Miranda's jeans.



Independent Practice: Answers

1) Underline the correct word.

- a. The kids are *your/<u>yours</u>* and *my/<u>mine</u>.*
- b. The final decision is *your/<u>yours</u>* to make.
- c. Ann doesn't trust *her/hers* parents.
- d. What's my/mine is your/yours, my/mine friend!
- e. Don't go through *my/mine* stuff. *Its/<u>It's</u> disrespectful.*

2) Simplify the following sentences by using possessive pronouns.

- a. Shall we go to your place or mine?
- b. Her birthday is on the 12th of May and his is on the 11th.
- c. I doubt that our kitty will get along with **yours.**
- d. Collin is a childhood friend of mine.
- e. These are my jeans and these are hers.