

Future simple

Hello and welcome back, in this lesson we will be exploring the **future tense**. We will see what types of words are effected and what we need to change!

So first what do I mean by '**Future**'?

Well, certain words such as '**verbs**' are effected by the time in which the action took place. These times are called **tenses**.

We have three main tenses in English.



Past



Present (NOW)



Future

Verbs are effected by the tense.

What is a **verb** again?

A verb shows an action or a state of being.



Run



Sleep



Smell



Feel



Play



Watch

Let's use these in a sentence:

I **run** to school.

I **sleep** at night.

I **smell** flowers.

I **feel** good.

I **play** football.

I **watch** television.

These are all the actions within the sentence.

These verbs are used in the '**present tense**' these actions are happening now!

The only rule with present tense is that if the subject is **he/she/it** then an '**S**' is added to the end of the verb.

Verb + (s) = Verb(s)

I run he runs**s**

I swim she swims**s**

I walk it walks**s**

What do we do if the actions **have not** finished or even **started**?

Future tense

When the action has not started yet then we use the future simple tense. This tense is very easy to use. All we do is add the word **will** before the verb.

Present

I run

I Sleep

I Smell

I Feel

I Play

I Watch

Future

I **will** run

I **will** sleep

I **will** smell

I **will** feel

I **will** play

I **will** watch.

Negative sentences:

For negative sentences in the Future Simple tense, we insert **not** between the auxiliary verb and main verb.



I will **not** *run*.



I will **not** *sleep*.



I will **not** *smell*.



I will **not** *feel*.



I will **not** *play*.



I will **not** *watch*.

Question sentences:

For question sentences, we swap the **subject** and **auxiliary verb**.



Will I *run*?



Will I *sleep*?



Will I *smell*?



Will I *feel*?



Will I *play*?



Will I *watch*?

Abbreviations

An abbreviation is when one word is shortened or two words are shortened and placed together. In the future tense you can join the auxiliary 'will' to the subject with the addition of a symbol called an apostrophe (').

The subjects:



I



You



He



She



It



We



They

Subject + will = subject (')ll

Examples:

I + will = I'll

You + will = you'll

He + will = he'll

She + will = she'll

It + will = It'll

We + will = we'll

They + will = they'll

Be

When **'be verbs'** are used, we can still use the Future Simple tense.



I'll be late.



She won't be very long.



Will they be at school tomorrow?